EAST Search History

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	636	536/1.11	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:17
L2	7	I1 and deoxythymidine	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:27
L3	7	I2 and (process or method or synth\$ or making or production)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:27
L4	2	l3 and deoxyribose	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:22
L5	1874	536/124	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:21
L6	17	I5 and deoxythymidine	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:21
L7	17	I6 and (process or method or synth\$ or making or production)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:22
L8	5	I7 and deoxyribose	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:27
L9	5090	deoxythymidine	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:35
L10	4946	l9 and (process or method or synth\$ or making or production)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:35
L11	952	l10 and deoxyribose	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:44

9/21/2006 4:45:24 PM Page 1

EAST Search History

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L12	14	I11 and (acyl ADJ halide)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:44
L13	2	l12 and (thymine NEAR silyl\$)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:31
L14	17	l11 and (thymine NEAR silyl\$)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:31
L15	5386	deoxyuridine	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:35
L16	5176	I15 and (process or method or synth\$ or making or production)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:35
L17	1179	l16 and deoxyribose	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:44
L18	11	l17 and (acyl ADJ halide)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2006/09/21 16:44

9/21/2006 4:45:24 PM Page 2

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID: ssspta1623kxg

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

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NEWS
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NEWS 6 MAY 19 Derwent World Patents Index to be reloaded and enhanced
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                USPATFULL/USPAT2
NEWS 8 MAY 30
                The F-Term thesaurus is now available in CA/CAplus
NEWS 9 JUN 02 The first reclassification of IPC codes now complete in
                INPADOC
NEWS 10 JUN 26
                TULSA/TULSA2 reloaded and enhanced with new search and
                and display fields
NEWS 11 JUN 28 Price changes in full-text patent databases EPFULL and PCTFULL
NEWS 12 JUl 11 CHEMSAFE reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 13 JUl 14 FSTA enhanced with Japanese patents
NEWS 14 JUl 19 Coverage of Research Disclosure reinstated in DWPI
NEWS 15 AUG 09 INSPEC enhanced with 1898-1968 archive
NEWS 16 AUG 28 ADISCTI Reloaded and Enhanced
NEWS 17 AUG 30 CA(SM)/CAplus(SM) Austrian patent law changes
NEWS 18 SEP 11 CA/CAplus enhanced with more pre-1907 records
NEWS 19 SEP 21
                CA/CAplus fields enhanced with simultaneous left and right
                truncation
```

NEWS EXPRESS JUNE 30 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01b, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 26 JUNE 2006.

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=> file casreact
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.42 0.42

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 13:40:13 ON 21 SEP 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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FILE CONTENT:1840 - 17 Sep 2006 VOL 145 ISS 12

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Some CASREACT records are derived from the ZIC/VINITI database (1974-1991) provided by InfoChem, INPI data prior to 1986, and Biotransformations database compiled under the direction of Professor Dr. Klaus Kieslich.

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=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10806296-1.str

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 sss sam

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:40:47 FILE 'CASREACT'

SCREENING COMPLETE - 33 REACTIONS TO VERIFY FROM

100.0% DONE 33 VERIFIED 1 HIT RXNS 1 DOCS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED VERIFICATIONS: 316 TO 1004

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 1 TO 79

L2 1 SEA SSS SAM L1 (1 REACTIONS)

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> d scan

L2 1 ANSWERS CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

TI 2'-0,4'-C-ethylene-bridged nucleic acids (ENA): highly nuclease-resistant and thermodynamically stable oligonucleotides for antisense drug

RX(29) OF 55 - 3 STEPS

Me

77%

NOTE: 1) regioselective

ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

=> s l1 sss full FULL SEARCH INITIATED 13:41:28 FILE 'CASREACT' SCREENING COMPLETE - 1013 REACTIONS TO VERIFY FROM 100.0% DONE 1013 VERIFIED 90 HIT RXNS 33 DOCS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 33 SEA SSS FUL L1 (90 REACTIONS)

=> d scan

L3 33 ANSWERS CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

TI Synthesis and conformation of a novel bridged nucleoside with S-type sugar puckering, trans-3',4'-BNA monomer

RX(82) OF 117 - 7 STEPS

NOTE: 1) stereoselective, 2) stereoselective, 3) stereoselective, 4) stereoselective, 5) stereoselective, 6) stereoselective, 7) stereoselective

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1): HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1

L3 33 ANSWERS CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

TI Nucleosides

RX(1) OF 1

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1

L3 33 ANSWERS CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

TI Synthesis of peracylated derivatives of L-ribofuranose from D-ribose and their use for the preparation of $\beta\text{-L-ribonucleosides}$

RX(36) OF 116 - 2 STEPS

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):end

=> dis 13 1-33 fhit bib abs

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(49) OF 63 COMPOSED OF RX(27), RX(28)

AF

STEPS

BC YIELD 98%

```
RX (27)
          RCT
              AW 7288-28-0, AF 886997-20-2
          RGT
               AH 2923-28-6 Ag03SCF3
          PRO
               BB 886997-57-5
          SOL
               108-88-3 PhMe
          CON
               SUBSTAGE(1) room temperature -> 0 deg C
               SUBSTAGE(2) 3 hours, 0 deg C
          NTE
              isomer mix., stereoselective
RX (28)
          RCT BB 886997-57-5
          RGT BD 1333-74-0 H2
          PRO
              BC 886997-60-0
          CAT
              7440-05-3 Pd
          SOL 64-17-5 EtOH
          CON 18 hours, room temperature
AN
     144:412819 CASREACT
TI
     Synthesis of 2,3-trans Di-Substituted Tetrahydrofurans through Sequential
     Xanthate Radical Addition-Substitution Reactions
ΑU
     Jean-Baptiste, Laeetitia; Yemets, Sergiy; Legay, Remi; Lequeux, Thierry
CS
     Laboratoire de Chimie Moleculaire et Thioorganique, UMR CNRS 6507,
     ENSICAEN-Universite de Caen, Caen, F-14050, Fr.
     Journal of Organic Chemistry (2006), 71(6), 2352-2359
SO
     CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
PB
     American Chemical Society
     Journal
DT
```

English LA

A two-step preparation of 2,3-trans disubstituted THF derivs. is reported from AΒ S-alkyl dithio-carbonates. The study of the group transfer reaction from xanthate and alkenes afforded intermediate S-alkyl dithio-carbonates. From 2,3-dihydro-furan derivs., the displacement of the resulting anomeric xanthate with various nucleophiles in the presence of Lewis acid allowed the formation of new carbon-carbon and carbon-heteroatom bonds. This strategy was illustrated by a two-step synthesis of a precursor of modified $2'-\beta$ -C-branched nucleoside analogs.

THERE ARE 64 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 64 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

0

ANSWER 2 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L3

RX(11) OF 21 COMPOSED OF RX(5), RX(6) M + O ===> R RX (11)

М

2 STEPS

R

RX (5) RCT M 3601-90-9, O 7288-28-0

> STAGE(1) SOL 67-66-3 CHC13

CON 3 - 4 hours, 65 - 70 deg C

STAGE(2) SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 67-66-3 CHCl3 CON 35 deg C

PRO P 4449-32-5

RX(6) RCT P 4449-32-5

RGT S 124-41-4 NaOMe

PRO R 50-89-5

SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

CON 5 - 6 hours, 65 - 70 deg C

AN 143:153656 CASREACT

TI Method for preparing β -thymidine

IN Bao, Jianshao

PA Lianhua Sci-Tech Co., Ltd., Zhejiang, Peop. Rep. China

SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, No pp. given

CODEN: CNXXEV
DT Patent

LA Chinese

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

CN 1539845 A 20041027 CN 2003-116591 20030424

PRAI CN 2003-116591 20030424

AB A multistep process for preparing β -thymidine is disclosed.

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(28) OF 44 COMPOSED OF RX(4), RX(5), RX(6)

RX(28) 2 N + 2 R + Z ===> AE

STEPS

z

Me Me

YIELD 91%

RX (4) RCT N 357282-00-9, R 7288-28-0

STAGE (1)

SOL 75-05-8 MeCN

CON 30 minutes, room temperature

STAGE(2)

RGT U 592-04-1 Hg(CN)2

SOL 75-05-8 MeCN

CON 3 days, room temperature

STAGE (3)

RGT V 7681-11-0 KI, W 7647-14-5 NaCl 7732-18-5 Water, 67-66-3 CHCl3

PRO S 800387-63-7, T 800387-68-2

in-situ generated reagent, stereoselective

RX (5) RCT T 800387-68-2

STAGE(1)

RGT AB 76-05-1 F3CCO2H, AC 16940-66-2 NaBH4

SOL 109-99-9 THF

CON SUBSTAGE(1) room temperature

SUBSTAGE(2) 12 hours, room temperature

STAGE(2)

SOL 7732-18-5 Water

CON room temperature

STAGE(3)

RCT Z 2937-50-0

CON 24 hours, room temperature

PRO AA 800387-64-8

RX(6) RCT AA 800387-64-8

STAGE(1)

RGT AF 124-41-4 NaOMe

SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

CON 6 hours, room temperature

STAGE(2)

RGT AG 11114-15-1 DOWEX 50W

CON SUBSTAGE(1) room temperature, neutralized SUBSTAGE(2) 30 minutes, room temperature

PRO AE 800387-65-9

NTE Dowex 50w (H+) used

AN 142:38462 CASREACT

TI Synthesis of a 1'-Aminomethylthymidine and Oligodeoxyribonucleotides with 1'-Acylamidomethylthymidine Residues

AU Gruenefeld, Peter; Richert, Clemens

CS Institute for Organic Chemistry, University of Karlsruhe (TH), Karlsruhe, D-76131, Germany

SO Journal of Organic Chemistry (2004), 69(22), 7543-7551 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB Reported here is a 10-step synthesis of a phosphoramidite building block of 1'-aminomethylthymidine that starts from 2-deoxyribose. The framework of the branched aminonucleoside was elaborated from a known 1-cyano-1-bromo glycosyl donor, whose reaction with the silylated nucleobase furnished the 1'-cyanide, which was reduced to the desired aminomethylnucleoside. The N-allyloxycarbonyl (Alloc)-protected nucleoside was converted to a phosphoramidite building block and incorporated into the oligonucleotides 5'-GCAT*TATTAC-3', and 5'-GCAT*TAT*TAC-3', where T* denotes 1'-acylamidomethylthymidine residues. Removal of the Alloc protecting group and acylation with the residue of pyrene-1-yl-butanoic acid were achieved on support, using microwave irradiation to ensure full conversion. The UV-m.p. of the duplex of the singly and doubly modified decamers with their fully complementary target sequence is 0.1-6.9 °C higher than that of the unmodified control duplex, depending on the salt concentration. This suggests that the aminomethyl linker may allow for the placing of a functional "payload" in the minor groove of DNA duplexes without disrupting the helix. Oligonucleotides thus endowed with functional modifications may become useful for biomedical applications.

RE.CNT 62 THERE ARE 62 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(1) OF 21 A + B ===> C...

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

LA

FAN.CNT 1

English

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

PI IN 184296 A 20000729 IN 1994-DE344 19940329

PRAI IN 1994-DE344 19940329

OS MARPAT 140:339576

AB An improved process for the preparation of β -thymidine via cyclocondensation of deprotected xylothymidine using condensation agent dialkyl or diarylcarbonate in the presence of an alkali base and polar non-protic organic solvent to yield 2,2'-anhydrothymidine.

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(4) OF 9 K + P ===> Q

K P

 $\stackrel{(4)}{\longrightarrow}$

Q

RX(4) RCT K 679400-72-7, P 7288-28-0

STAGE(1)

CAT 27607-77-8 Me3SiSO3CF3

SOL 75-05-8 MeCN

STAGE(2)

RGT C 7664-41-7 NH3 SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

CON room temperature

PRO Q 162894-35-1

NTE stereoselective, literature procedure used

AN 140:339565 CASREACT

TI Synthesis and Studies of 3'-C-Trifluoromethyl- β -D-ribonucleosides Bearing the Five Naturally Occurring Nucleic Acid Bases

AU Jeannot, Frederic; Gosselin, Gilles; Mathe, Christophe

CS Laboratoire de Chimie Organique Biomoleculaire de Synthese, Montpellier, Fr.

Nucleosides, Nucleotides & Nucleic Acids (2003), 22(12), 2195-2202 CODEN: NNNAFY; ISSN: 1525-7770

PB Marcel Dekker, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB 3'-C-Trifluoromethyl-β-D-ribonucleoside derivs. bearing the five naturally occurring nucleic acid bases have been synthesized. All these derivs. were prepared by glycosylation reactions of purine and pyrimidine bases with a suitable peracylated 3-C-trifluoromethyl ribofuranose precursor. After deprotection, the resulting title nucleoside analogs were tested for their inhibitory properties against the replication of HIV, HBV and several RNA viruses. However, none of these compds. showed significant antiviral activity.

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

J

RX(4) OF 26 ...C + J ===> K

(4)

С

K

```
STAGE(1)
```

CON room temperature

STAGE(2)

RGT F 7664-41-7 NH3

SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

CON room temperature

PRO K 152540-75-5

NTE reactant assumed

AN 140:199580 CASREACT

TI $4'-C-Methyl-\beta-D-ribofuranosyl$ Purine and Pyrimidine Nucleosides Revisited

AU Griffon, J.-F.; Dukhan, D.; Pierra, C.; Benzaria, S.; Loi, A. G.; La Colla, P.; Sommadossi, J.-P.; Gosselin, G.

CS Laboratoire Cooperatif Idenix-CNRS, Universite Montpellier II, Montpellier, F-34095, Fr.

SO Nucleosides, Nucleotides & Nucleic Acids (2003), 22(5-8), 707-709 CODEN: NNNAFY; ISSN: 1525-7770

PB Marcel Dekker, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB In order to evaluate their antiviral properties, a series of 4'-C-methyl- β -D-ribofuranosyl purine and pyrimidine nucleosides has been prepared Unfortunately, none of these 4'-branched nucleosides showed any antiviral activity or cytotoxicity when tested against HIV, HBV, and Yellow Fever virus.

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 7 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(17) OF 31 COMPOSED OF RX(4), RX(8)

RX(17) 2 G + 2 P ===> AD + AE

Me

2 G 2 P

2 STEPS

AD AE

RX(4) RCT G 380203-69-0, P 7288-28-0 RGT N 25561-30-2 Me3SiN:C(CF3)OSiMe3 PRO Q 380203-72-5, R 472987-06-7 SOL 67-66-3 CHCl3 CON 30 minutes, 150 deg C NTE 80 % overall yield%

RX(8) RCT Q 380203-72-5, R 472987-06-7 RGT AA 124-41-4 NaOMe PRO AD 241144-93-4, AE 472987-07-8 SOL 75-05-8 MeCN, 67-56-1 MeOH CON 10 minutes, 20 deg C NTE 90 % overall yield%

AN 140:199556 CASREACT

TI Synthesis of 2'-deoxy-2'-[18F]fluoro-β-D-arabinofuranosyl nucleosides, [18F]FAU, [18F]FMAU, [18F]FBAU and [18F]FIAU, as potential PET agents for imaging cellular proliferation synthesis of [18F]labeled FAU, FMAU, FBAU, FIAU

AU Mangner, Thomas J.; Klecker, Raymond W.; Anderson, Lawrence; Shields, Anthony F.

CS Children's Hospital of Michigan, PET Center, Wayne State University, Detroit, MI, 48201, USA

SO Nuclear Medicine and Biology (2003), 30(3), 215-224 CODEN: NMBIEO; ISSN: 0969-8051

PB Elsevier Science Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB An efficient and reliable synthesis of 2'-deoxy-2'-[18F]fluoro- β -D-arabinofuranosyl nucleosides is presented. Overall decay-corrected radiochem. yields of 35-45% of 4 analogs, FAU, FMAU, FBAU and FIAU are routinely obtained in >98% radiochem. purity and with specific activities of greater than 3 Ci/ μ mol (110 MBq/ μ mol) in a synthesis time of approx. 3 h. When .apprx.220 mCi (8.15 GBq) of starting [18F]fluoride is used, 25 -30 mCi (0.93 -1.11 GBq) of product (enough to image two patients sequentially) is typically obtained.

RE.CNT 18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 8 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(4) OF 5 K + A ===> L

specific activities.

RE.CNT 14

L

```
RX (4)
               K 7288-28-0, A 380203-69-0
           RCT
             STAGE(1)
                 SOL
                      107-06-2 ClCH2CH2Cl
                 CON 60 minutes, 100 deg C
             STAGE(2)
                 RGT D 124-41-4 NaOMe
                 SOL
                      67-56-1 MeOH
                 CON
                     5 minutes, reflux
           PRO L 241144-93-4
           NTE stereoselective
AN
     139:180283 CASREACT
TI
     A general synthesis of 2'-deoxy-2'-[18F]fluoro-1-β-D-
     arabinofuranosyluracil and its 5-substituted nucleosides
     Alauddin, Mian M.; Conti, Peter S.; Fissekis, John D.
AU
CS
     PET Imaging Science Center, University of Southern California, Los
     Angeles, CA, 90033, USA
SO
     Journal of Labelled Compounds & Radiopharmaceuticals (2003), 46(4),
     285-289
     CODEN: JLCRD4; ISSN: 0362-4803
PB
     John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AB
     Several 2'-deoxy-2'-[18F]fluoro-1-β-D-arabinofuranosyluracil derivs.
     have been synthesized. Coupling of 1-bromo-2-deoxy-2-[18F]fluoro-3,5-di-0-
     \texttt{benzoyl-}\alpha\text{-}D\text{-}\texttt{arabino} \texttt{furanose} \ \ \textbf{with} \ \ \textbf{protected} \ \ \textbf{uracil} \ \ \textbf{derivs.} \ \ \textbf{followed}
     by hydrolysis and HPLC purification produced the radio-labeled nucleosides in
```

15-30% yield (d.c.), >99% radiochem. purity and 55.5-103.6 GBq/ μ mol

THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 9 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(13) OF 28 COMPOSED OF RX(6), RX(7)RX(13) S + Z ===> AD

S

AD YIELD 91%

RX(6) RCT S 553664-33-8, Z 7288-28-0 RGT AB 7772-99-8 SnCl2 PRO AA 553664-34-9 SOL 75-05-8 MeCN CON 5 hours, reflux

RX(7) RCT AA 553664-34-9

STAGE(1)

RGT AE 124-41-4 NaOMe SOL 67-56-1 MeOH CON 1 hour, room temperature STAGE(2)

RGT M 64-19-7 AcOH

SOL 7732-18-5 Water

CON room temperature, neutralized

PRO AD 163759-49-7

AN 139:85578 CASREACT

TI A new access to 2'-O-(2-methoxyethyl)ribonucleosides starting from D-glucose

AU Martin, Pierre

CS Functional Genomics, Novartis Pharma AG, Basel, CH-4002, Switz.

SO Helvetica Chimica Acta (2003), 86(1), 204-209

CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X

PB Verlag Helvetica Chimica Acta

DT Journal

LA German

AB A new synthesis of 2'-O-(2-methoxyethyl)ribonucleosides, building blocks for second-generation antisense oligonucleotides, starting from D-glucose is presented. The key-step is the transformation of 3-O-methoxyethylallofuranose to 2-O-(2-methoxyethyl)ribose by NaIO4 oxidation Together with the 4'-phenylbenzoyl protecting group, which results in crystalline intermediates, this synthesis provides an easy and cheap access to 2'-O-(2-methoxyethyl)-substituted ribonucleosides.

RE.CNT 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 10 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(88) OF 249 COMPOSED OF RX(2), RX(3), RX(4), RX(5), RX(14), RX(16) RX(88) C + I + K + U + Y ===> BA

Y

```
* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
          RCT C 201348-41-6, I 67-64-1
RX(2)
            STAGE(1)
               RGT D 7647-01-0 HCl
               SOL 67-64-1 Me2CO, 7732-18-5 Water
               CON 24 hours, room temperature
            STAGE(2)
               RGT E 144-55-8 NaHCO3
               SOL 7732-18-5 Water
               CON room temperature
           STAGE(3)
               SOL 7732-18-5 Water
               CON room temperature
          PRO J 5460-57-1
         NTE stereoselective
RX (3)
         RCT J 5460-57-1, K 100-44-7
           STAGE(1)
              RGT M 1310-58-3 KOH
               SOL 108-88-3 PhMe
               CON 4 hours, reflux
           STAGE(2)
              SOL 75-09-2 CH2Cl2
         PRO L 131139-02-1
         RCT L 131139-02-1
RX (4)
           STAGE(1)
              RGT P 64-19-7 AcOH
              SOL 7732-18-5 Water
              CON 3 hours, reflux
           STAGE(2)
              RGT Q 98-59-9 TsCl, R 584-08-7 K2CO3
              SOL 110-86-1 Pyridine
              CON 12 hours, room temperature
           STAGE(3)
              RGT S 865-47-4 t-BuOK
              SOL 109-99-9 THF
              CON 20 minutes, room temperature
         PRO 0 191543-69-8
         NTE stereoselective
RX (5)
         RCT O 191543-69-8, U 7288-28-0
           STAGE(1)
              SOL 75-09-2 CH2Cl2
              CON 8 hours, room temperature
           STAGE(2)
              RGT W 64-18-6 HCO2H
              CON 10 minutes, room temperature
```

```
SOL 75-09-2 CH2Cl2
            STAGE (4)
               RGT E 144-55-8 NaHCO3
               SOL 7732-18-5 Water
          PRO V 201348-48-3
          NTE stereoselective, mol. sieves used
          RCT Y 201348-64-3, V 201348-48-3
RX (14)
            STAGE(1)
               RGT AA 27607-77-8 Me3SiSO3CF3
               SOL
                   75-09-2 CH2Cl2
               CON 3 hours, room temperature
            STAGE(2)
               RGT AB 121-44-8 Et3N
               CON room temperature
          PRO AX 201348-65-4
          NTE stereoselective
RX(16)
          RCT AX 201348-65-4
          RGT BB 1333-74-0 H2
          PRO BA 201348-36-9
          CAT 7440-05-3 Pd
          SOL 67-56-1 MeOH, 141-78-6 AcOEt
          CON 24 hours, room temperature, 1 atm
ΑN
     138:385654 CASREACT
     A new and efficient strategy for the synthesis of shimofuridin analogs:
ΤI
     2'-0-(4-0-stearoyl-\alpha-L-fucopyranosyl)thymidine and -uridine
AU
     Ning, Jun; Xing, Ying; Kong, Fanzuo
CS
     Research Center for Eco-Environmental Sciences, Chinese Academy of
     Sciences, Beijing, 100085, Peop. Rep. China
SO
     Carbohydrate Research (2003), 338(1), 55-60
     CODEN: CRBRAT; ISSN: 0008-6215
PB
     Elsevier Science Ltd.
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AB
     Two shimofuridin analogs: 2'-0-(4-0-stearoy)-\alpha-L-
     fucopyranosyl) thymidine and -uridine have been synthesized using
     d-arabinose, L-fucose, thymine, uracil, and stearoyl chloride as the
     starting materials. The synthetic procedures involve the facile preparation of
     1-(3,5-di-0-benzyl-\beta-D-ribofuranosyl)thymine and -uracil by coupling
     of 1,2-anhydro-3,5-di-O-benzyl-α-D-ribofuranose with silvlated
     thymine and uracil, and then stereoselective formation of the 1,2-cis
     (a) interglycoside bonds through condensation of the nucleoside
     derivs. with 2-(2,3-di-0-benzyl-4-0-stearoyl-β-L-
     fucopyranosylsulfonyl) pyrimidine. The 1,2-anhydro-3,5-di-O-benzyl-
     \alpha-D-ribofuranose was prepared by an improved procedure from
     D-arabinose.
RE.CNT 12
              THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L3
    ANSWER 11 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
RX(10) OF 36 COMPOSED OF RX(2), RX(3)
RX(10) C + E ===> I
```

STAGE (3)

RCT RGT

I YIELD 84%

RX(2)

```
PRO
               F 4336-39-4
          SOL
               75-09-2 CH2Cl2
          CON
               SUBSTAGE(1) room temperature -> 0 deg C
               SUBSTAGE(2) 0 deg C -> room temperature
               SUBSTAGE(3) 12 hours, room temperature
RX (3)
          RCT F 4336-39-4
          RGT J 7664-41-7 NH3
          PRO I 1463-10-1
          SOL 67-56-1 MeOH
          CON room temperature
AN
     138:73449 CASREACT
ΤI
     Synthesis of Stavudine
     Jin, Li-ren; Jiang, Hong-ping; Hou, Peng-yi
ΑU
CS
     Dept. of Chem., Xiamen Univ., Xiamen, 361005, Peop. Rep. China
SO
     Xiamen Daxue Xuebao, Ziran Kexueban (2002), 41(2), 207-210
     CODEN: HMHHAF; ISSN: 0438-0479
     Xiamen Daxue
PΒ
DT
     Journal
LA
     Chinese
AB
     Title compound, synthesized from ribofuranose tetraacetate and thymine via
```

the intermediate 5-methyluridine, was described. Ribofuranose

tetraacetate was condensed with bis(trimethylsilyl)thymine followed by deacylation to give 5-methyluridine, then converted to 2',3'-olefinic nucleoside by reductive elimination of 2'-bromo-3'-mesylic ester. The final product was obtained from deprotection of the hydroxy group with

C 7288-28-0, E 13035-61-5

G 7646-78-8 SnCl4

L3 ANSWER 12 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(13) OF 74 ...AD + AB ===> AE

total yield 46.4%.

AD

AΒ

AE YIELD 64%

RX(13) RCT AD 478488-01-6, AB 7288-28-0

STAGE(1)

RGT T 7646-78-8 SnCl4

SOL 75-05-8 MeCN

CON 18 hours, reflux

STAGE(2)

RGT AF 7664-41-7 NH3

SOL 7732-18-5 Water

CON 72 hours, 20 deg C

PRO AE 324760-41-0

NTE stereoselective

AN 138:39492 CASREACT

TI Synthesis of anhydro psicofuranosyl nucleosides

AU Roivainen, Jarkko; Vepsalainen, Jouko; Azhayev, Alex; Mikhailopulo, Igor A.

CS Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, University of Kuopio, Kuopio, FIN-70211, Finland

SO Tetrahedron Letters (2002), 43(37), 6553-6555 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039 PB Elsevier Science Ltd. DT Journal LA English GI

Novel rigid nucleosides I (R = Adenine or Thymine) and II were synthesized using chiral synthon Me 1-0-mesyl-5-0-toluoyl- β -D-psicofuranoside, prepared from known 1,3:4,5-di-0-isopropylidene- β -D-psicofuranose in four steps. The key step involves coupling of persilylated nucleobases to the anhydrofuranoside. Using this method, 1',4'- and 02,1-anhydro- β -D-psicofuranosyl thymine nucleosides were also obtained.

0

ΙI

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 13 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(8) OF 14 COMPOSED OF RX(3), RX(4) RX(8) 2 F + 2 J ===> M

F

Me Me Me Me Me Me Si * O Me STEPS 2 J

F

Μ

```
RCT F 380203-69-0, J 7288-28-0
RX(3)
          PRO K 380203-72-5, L 472987-06-7
              107-06-2 ClCH2CH2Cl
          SOL
RX (4)
          RCT K 380203-72-5
```

STAGE(1)

RGT N 124-41-4 NaOMe SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

STAGE(2)

RGT O 7647-01-0 HCl SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

PRO M 241144-93-4

137:311140 CASREACT AN

TT Synthesis of [18F]-labeled 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-5-methyl-1-β-Darabinofuranosyluracil ([18F]-FMAU)

ΑU Alauddin, Mian M.; Conti, Peter S.; Fissekis, John D.

PET Imaging Science Center, University of Southern California, Los CS Angeles, CA, 90033, USA

SO Journal of Labelled Compounds & Radiopharmaceuticals (2002), 45(7), 583-590

CODEN: JLCRD4; ISSN: 0362-4803

PΒ John Wiley & Sons Ltd.

DTJournal

LA English

runs.

AB Synthesis of 2'-deoxy-2'-[18F] fluoro-5-methyl-1- β -Darabinofuranosyluracil ([18F]-FMAU) is reported. 2-Deoxy-2-[18F]fluoro-1,3,5-tri-O-benzoyl- α -D-arabinofuranose was prepared by the reaction of the resp. triflate with tetrabutylammonium[18F]fluoride. The fluorosugar was converted to its 1-bromo-derivative and coupled with protected thymine. The crude product mixture was hydrolyzed in base and purified by HPLC to obtain the radiolabeled FMAU (I). The radiochem. yield of I was 20-30% decay corrected (d.c.) in four steps with an average of 25% in four

Radiochem. purity was >99% and average specific activity was 2300 mCi/µmol at the end of synthesis (EOS). The synthesis time was 3.5-4.0h from the end of bombardment (EOB).

THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 12 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 14 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

```
RX(8) OF 15 COMPOSED OF RX(1), RX(5)
RX(8)
         2 A + 2 B ===> N + O
```

2 B

2 STEPS

N

RX(1) RCT A 7288-28-0, B 97747-01-8 RGT E 7646-78-8 SnCl4 PRO C 461640-11-9, D 80393-99-3 SOL 75-05-8 MeCN

NTE 76% overall yield, alternative reaction conditions shown

RX(5) RCT C 461640-11-9, D 80393-99-3 RGT P 124-41-4 NaOMe PRO N 605-23-2, O 4348-74-7 SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

AN 137:263262 CASREACT

TI Synthesis of 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-1- β -D-arabinofuranosyl uracil derivatives: a method suitable for preparation of [18F]-labeled nucleosides

0

AU Alauddin, Mian M.; Conti, Peter S.; Fissekis, John D.; Watanabe, Kyoihci A.

CS PET Imaging Science Center, University of Southern California, Los Angeles, CA, 90033, USA

SO Synthetic Communications (2002), 32(11), 1757-1764 CODEN: SYNCAV; ISSN: 0039-7911

PB Marcel Dekker, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB N-glycosylation of 2,4-bis-O-(trimethylsilyl)-pyrimidine bases with 2-deoxy-2-fluoro-3,5-di-O-benzoyl-1-(Br, OBz)- α -D-arabinose derivs. are reported. 1-Bromo-arabinose provides high yield and a favorable

anomeric ratio (β/α) of pyrimidine nucleoside in either MeCN or CH2Cl-CH2Cl. This method should be suitable for the synthesis of 2'-deoxy-2'-[18F] fluoro-1- β -D-arabinofuranosyluracil derivs. RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 15 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(82) OF 117 COMPOSED OF RX(6), RX(7), RX(8), RX(9), RX(10), RX(11), RX(13) RX(82) X + V + AE ===> AP

AP YIELD 69%

V

RX(6) RCT X 7288-28-0, V 457068-03-0
RGT Z 10416-59-8 Me3SiN:CMeOSiMe3, AA 27607-77-8 Me3SiSO3CF3
PRO Y 457068-04-1
SOL 107-06-2 ClCH2CH2Cl
NTE stereoselective

RX(7) RCT Y 457068-04-1

RGT AD 74-89-5 MeNH2

```
PRO AC 457068-05-2
          SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 109-99-9 THF
          NTE stereoselective
          RCT AC 457068-05-2, AE 116-11-0
RX(8)
          RGT AG 104-15-4 TsOH
          PRO AF 457068-06-3
          SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 75-09-2 CH2Cl2
          NTE stereoselective
          RCT AF 457068-06-3
RX (9)
          RGT F 1310-73-2 NaOH
          PRO AH 457068-07-4
          SOL 67-56-1 MeOH, 109-99-9 THF
          NTE stereoselective
          RCT AH 457068-07-4
RX(10)
          RGT AK 1070-89-9 (Me3Si) 2N.Na
          PRO AJ 457068-08-5
          SOL 109-99-9 THF
          NTE stereoselective
          RCT AJ 457068-08-5
RX (11)
          RGT AG 104-15-4 TsOH
          PRO AL 457068-09-6
          SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 109-99-9 THF, 67-56-1 MeOH
          NTE stereoselective
          RCT AL 457068-09-6
RX (13)
          RGT AQ 110-83-8 Cyclohexene
          PRO AP 457068-10-9
          CAT 12135-22-7 Pd (OH) 2
          SOL 64-17-5 EtOH
          NTE stereoselective
AN
     137:217168 CASREACT
     Synthesis and conformation of a novel bridged nucleoside with S-type sugar
TI
     puckering, trans-3',4'-BNA monomer
     Obika, Satoshi; Sekiguchi, Mitsuaki; Osaki, Tomohisa; Shibata, Nao;
ΑU
     Masaki, Miyuki; Hari, Yoshiyuki; Imanishi, Takeshi
     Osaka University, Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Suita,
CS
     Osaka, 565-0871, Japan
     Tetrahedron Letters (2002), 43(24), 4365-4368
SO
     CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
PΒ
     Elsevier Science Ltd.
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     A novel bridged nucleoside bearing a 4,7-dioxabicyclo[4.3.0] nonane
AB
     skeleton, trans-3',4'-BNA monomer, was successfully synthesized. A 1H NMR
     experiment and an X-ray crystallog. anal. revealed that the sugar puckering of
     the 3',4'-BNA monomer was restricted to an S-type (C3'-exo) conformation.
             THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT 40
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L3
     ANSWER 16 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
```

RX(36) OF 116 COMPOSED OF RX(18), RX(14)RX(36) AF + AW + 2 AX ===> AJ

ΑF

AJ YIELD 90%

RX(18) RCT AF 278180-22-6, AW 7288-28-0, AX 141-78-6 PRO AI 420793-91-5

ΑW

SOL 110-54-3 Hexane, 75-05-8 MeCN

RX(14) RCT AI 420793-91-5 RGT AK 7664-41-7 NH3, U 7732-18-5 Water PRO AJ 26879-47-0 SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

AN 136:355410 CASREACT

TI Synthesis of peracylated derivatives of L-ribofuranose from D-ribose and their use for the preparation of β -L-ribonucleosides

AU Sivets, Grigorii G.; Klennitskaya, Tatjana V.; Zhernosek, Elena V.; Mikhailopulo, Igor A.

CS Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry, National Academy of Sciences, Minsk, 220141, Belarus

SO Synthesis (2002), (2), 253-259 CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

PB Georg Thieme Verlag

DT Journal

LA English

AB A practical synthesis of peracylated derivs. of β -L-ribofuranose from D-ribose was accomplished in six steps (total yield: 30-45%). 1,3-Di-O-acetyl-2,5-di-O-benzoyl- β -D-ribofuranose was employed for the preparation of 1-(β -L-ribofuranosyl)thymine and -cytosine, which are

key intermediates for the preparation of the nucleoside derivs. with $\beta\text{-L-configuration}$. Simultaneous transformation of $\beta\text{-L-cytidine}$ into $\beta\text{-L-ddC}$ and $\beta\text{-L-3'dC}$ was studied.

RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 17 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(29) OF 55 COMPOSED OF RX(6), RX(7), RX(8) RX(29) R + U ===> AB

R

AB YIELD 77%

RX(6) RCT R 287737-65-9, U 7288-28-0 RGT W 27607-77-8 Me3SiSO3CF3 PRO V 287737-66-0 SOL 107-06-2 ClCH2CH2Cl NTE regioselective RX (7) RCT V 287737-66-0 RGT M 1310-73-2 NaOH

PRO Y 287737-37-5

110-86-1 Pyridine, 7732-18-5 Water SOL

RX(8) RCT Y 287737-37-5

RGT AC 1333-74-0 H2

PRO AB 287737-38-6

CAT 12135-22-7 Pd (OH) 2

SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

136:263373 CASREACT AN

2'-0,4'-C-ethylene-bridged nucleic acids (ENA): highly nuclease-resistant TIand thermodynamically stable oligonucleotides for antisense drug

Morita, Koji; Hasegawa, Chikako; Kaneko, Masakatsu; Tsutsumi, Shinya; ΑU Sone, Junko; Ishikawa, Tomio; Imanishi, Takeshi; Koizumi, Makoto

Sankyo Co., Ltd., Exploratory Chemistry Research Laboratories, Tokyo, CS 140-8710, Japan

Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2001), Volume Date 2002, 12(1), SO 73-76

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

Journal DT

LΑ English

To develop antisense oligonucleotides, novel nucleosides, AΒ 2'-0,4'-C-ethylene nucleosides and their corresponding phosphoramidites, were synthesized as building blocks. The 1H NMR anal. showed that the 2'-0,4'-C-ethylene linkage of these nucleosides restricts the sugar puckering to the N-conformation as well as the linkage of 2'-0,4'-C-methylene nucleosides which are known as bridged nucleic acids (BNA) or locked nucleic acids (LNA). The ethylene-bridged nucleic acids (ENA) showed a high binding affinity for the complementary RNA strand (\Darksymbol{\Dark than natural DNA and BNA/LNA. These results indicate that ENA have better properties as antisense oligonucleotides than BNA/LNA.

THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 19 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 18 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(19) OF 30 COMPOSED OF RX(7), RX(10)

RX(19) G + AD ===>

G

AI YIELD 99%

RX(7) RCT G 333996-67-1

STAGE(1)

RGT T 10035-10-6 HBr

SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 64-19-7 AcOH

STAGE(2)

SOL 71-43-2 Benzene

STAGE(3)

RCT AD 7288-28-0

STAGE (4)

RGT X 21908-53-2 HgO, Y 7789-47-1 HgBr2

STAGE (5)

SOL 67-56-1 MeOH, 7732-18-5 Water

PRO AE 333996-72-8

NTE stereoselective, heavy-wall pressure tube used in first stage

RX(10) RCT AE 333996-72-8

STAGE(1)

SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

STAGE(2)

RGT AG 7664-41-7 NH3

PRO AI 333996-75-1

AN 134:296038 CASREACT

TI 2'-C-Branched Ribonucleosides. 2. Synthesis of 2'-C- β -Trifluoromethyl Pyrimidine Ribonucleosides

AU Li, Nan-Sheng; Tang, Xiao-Qing; Piccirilli, Joseph A.

CS Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Department of Chemistry, The University of Chicago Howard Hughes Medical Institute, Chicago, IL, 60637, USA

SO Organic Letters (2001), 3(7), 1025-1028 CODEN: ORLEF7; ISSN: 1523-7060

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB The first synthesis of 2'-C- β -trifluoromethyl pyrimidine ribonucleosides is described. 1,2,3,5-Tetra-O-benzoyl-2-C- β -trifluoromethyl- α -D-ribofuranose is prepared from 1,3,5-tri-O-benzoyl- α -D-ribofuranose in three steps and converted to

3,5-di-O-benzoyl-2-C- β -trifluoromethyl- α -D-1-ribofuranosyl bromide (I). The 1-bromo derivative I is found to be a powerful reaction intermediate for the synthesis of ribonucleosides. The reaction of silylated pyrimidines with I in the presence of HgO/HgBr2 affords exclusively the β -anomers, which after deprotection with ammonia in methanol yields the 2'-C- β -trifluoromethyl nucleosides.

RE.CNT 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 19 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

В

RX(10) OF 28 COMPOSED OF RX(1), RX(2)RX(10) A + B ===> J

2 STEPS

Α

J YIELD 81%

RX(1) RCT A 327027-21-4

STAGE(1)

CAT 7783-20-2 (NH4)2SO4 SOL 999-97-3 (Me3Si)2NH

STAGE(2)

RCT B 7288-28-0

RGT D 27607-77-8 Me3SiSO3CF3

SOL 107-06-2 ClCH2CH2Cl

STAGE(3)

RGT E 144-55-8 NaHCO3

SOL 7732-18-5 Water

PRO C 327027-22-5

RX(2) RCT C 327027-22-5 RGT K 7664-41-7 NH3 PRO J 3424-98-4 SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

AN 134:193663 CASREACT

TI Synthesis and antiviral evaluation of the β -L-enantiomers of some thymine 3 -deoxypentofuranonucleoside derivatives

AU Mathe, Christophe; Gosselin, Gilles

CS Laboratoire de Chimie Organique Biomoleculaire de Synthese, U.M.R. 5625 CNRS-UM-II and Universite Montpellier II, Sciences et Techniques du Languedoc, Montpellier, 34095, Fr.

SO Nucleosides, Nucleotides & Nucleic Acids (2000), 19(10-12), 1517-1530 CODEN: NNNAFY; ISSN: 1525-7770

PB Marcel Dekker, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB 3'-Deoxy-β-L-erythro-, 3'-deoxy-β-L-threo-, 2'-fluoro- and 2'-azido-2',3'-dideoxy-β-L-erythro- pentofuranonucleoside derivs. of thymine have been synthesized and their antiviral properties examined All these derivs. were stereospecifically prepared by glycosylation of thymine with a suitable peracylated 3-deoxy-L-erythro-pentofuranose sugar, followed by appropriate chemical modifications. The prepared compds. were tested for their activity against HIV, but they did not show an antiviral effect.

RE.CNT 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 20 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(13) OF 15 COMPOSED OF RX(3), RX(4), RX(5)RX(13) H + I ===> N

H

3 STEPS

N YIELD 76%

RX(3) RCT H 187589-10-2, I 7288-28-0 RGT K 27607-77-8 Me3SiSO3CF3 PRO J 187589-11-3 SOL 107-06-2 ClCH2CH2Cl

RX(4) RCT J 187589-11-3

STAGE(1)

STAGE(2)

STAGE (3)

STAGE (4)

PRO M 187589-12-4

RX(5) RCT M 187589-12-4 RGT O 7440-05-3 Pd PRO N 187589-13-5 SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

AN 126:186294 CASREACT

TI Synthesis of (5'S)-[5'-2H1:1',2',3',4',5'-13C5]-thymidine via stereoselective deuteration of a 5-oxoribose derivative

AU Ono, Akira; Ono, Akira; Kainosho, Masatsune

CS Dep. Chem., Fac. Sci., Tokyo Metropolitan Univ., Tokyo, 192-03, Japan

SO Tetrahedron Letters (1997), 38(3), 395-398 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PB Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

AB (5'S)-[5'-2H1:1',2',3',4',5'-13C5]-Thymidine has been synthesized by a stereoselective deuteride transfer reaction from (-)- or (+)-[2-2H1]-isobornyloxymagnesium bromide to a 5-oxoribose derivative, which can be readily prepared from [13C6]-D-glucose. The overall yield from D-glucose to thymidine was 27%. The various nucleosides with a stereoselective 2H-label together with 13C at the C5' position, which have become available by the present method, will be quite useful for stereospecific assignment of the diastereotopic C5' methylene signals, and also for conformational analyses of the O5'-C5' bonds in nucleic acid oligomers.

RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 21 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(44) OF 66 COMPOSED OF RX(2), RX(3), RX(4), RX(5), RX(6), RX(7), RX(8) RX(44) H + I + Q ===> AC

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \text{Me} \\ \text{Me} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{Me} \\ \text{$$

I

AC

RX(2) RCT H 7288-28-0, I 136781-14-1

STAGE(1)

RGT K 7646-78-8 SnCl4 SOL 107-06-2 ClCH2CH2Cl

STAGE(2)

RGT L 144-55-8 NaHCO3 SOL 7732-18-5 Water

PRO J 136949-91-2 NTE room temp.

RX(3) RCT J 136949-91-2 RGT O 7647-01-0 HCl PRO N 136949-92-3 SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 123-91-1 Dioxane

```
NTE room temp.; 49% yield including previous step
         RCT N 136949-92-3, Q 124-63-0
RX (4)
         RGT S 110-86-1 Pyridine
         PRO R 136949-93-4
         SOL 110-86-1 Pyridine
         NTE room temp.
         RCT R 136949-93-4
RX (5)
         RGT U 6674-22-2 DBU
         PRO T 136976-69-7
         SOL 75-05-8 MeCN
         NTE room temp.
         RCT T 136976-69-7
RX(6)
         RGT O 7647-01-0 HCl
         PRO W 136949-95-6
         SOL 68-12-2 DMF
         NTE 100°
RX (7)
         RCT W 136949-95-6
         RGT Z 688-73-3 Bu3SnH
         PRO Y 136949-96-7
         CAT 78-67-1 AIBN
         SOL 108-88-3 PhMe
         NTE 100°
RX(8)
         RCT Y 136949-96-7
         RGT AD 124-41-4 NaOMe
         PRO AC 19200-64-7
         SOL 67-56-1 MeOH
         NTE room temp.; 67% yield including 2 prior steps
AN
     121:109582 CASREACT
    1-(3-Azido-2,3-dideoxy-\beta-D-allofuranosyl)thymine, process of its
TI
     preparation, and application to the synthesis of AZT
IN
    Hrebabecky, Hubert; Holy, Antonin
    Ustav Organicke Chemie a Biochemie CSAV, Czech.
PA
SO
    Czech., 12 pp.
    CODEN: CZXXA9
DT
    Patent
LΑ
    Czech
FAN.CNT 1
                   KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
     -----
                                                        _____
    CS 276874
                    B6 19920812
                                       CS 1990-4428
                                                       19900911
PΙ
PRAI CS 1990-4428 19900911
GT
```

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

The title compound I, which is readily converted to the anti-AIDS drug 3'-azido-2',3'-dideoxythymidine (AZT; II), is prepared in 10 steps. Condensation of 5-methyl-2,4-bis(trimethylsilyloxy)pyrimidine with 1,2-di-O-acetyl-3,5,6-tri-O-benzoyl-D-glucofuranose in the presence of SnCl4 gave glucofuranosylthymine derivative III (R2 = OAc, R3 = R5 = R6 = Bz). This underwent deacetylation with HCl in aqueous dioxane (49% yield for both steps), mesylation of the resulting 2-OH group (96%), and cyclization of the mesylate by DBU in MeCN (96%) to give IV. Cleavage of IV by HCl in DMF gave III (R2 = Cl, R3 = R5 = R6 = Bz), which underwent dechlorination with Bu3SnH and AIBN, and methanolysis of the benzoate functions, to give III (R2 = OH, R3 = R5 = R6 = H) (67% for 3 steps). Selective protection

(83%) and mesylation (91%) of the latter gave III (R2 = H, R3 = SO2Me, R5R6 = CMe2), which underwent reaction with NaN3 and acid hydrolysis (76% for both) to give I. Diol cleavage of I with Dowex 1-bound periodate and reduction of the resultant aldehyde function with Dowex 1-bound borohydride gave 90% II.

L3 ANSWER 22 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(2) OF 3 2 A + 2 H ===> I + J

(2)

I YIELD 62%(25) J YIELD 62%(75)

RX(2) RCT A 156357-60-7, H 7288-28-0
RGT E 999-97-3 (Me3Si)2NH
PRO I 153184-84-0, J 156357-64-1
CAT 7646-78-8 SnC14
SOL 75-05-8 MeCN
NTE stereoselective
AN 121:83863 CASREACT
TI Synthesis and properties of 3'-deoxyps

TI Synthesis and properties of 3'-deoxypsiconucleosides: anomeric 1-(3-deoxy-D-erythro-2-hexulofuranosyl)thymines and 9-(3-deoxy-D-erythro-2-hexulofuranosyl)adenines

AU Azhayev, Alex; Guzaev, Andrei; Hovinen, Jari; Mattinen, Jorma; Sillanpaa, Reijo; Lonnberg, Harri

CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Turku, Turku, FIN-20500, Finland

SO Synthesis (1994), (4), 396-400 CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

DT Journal LA English

GI

Deoxypsiconucleosides I (B = adenine, thymine) were prepared by tin(IV) chloride catalyzed N-glycosylation of trimethylsilylated thymine and N6-benzoyladenine with Me 3-deoxy-D-erythro-2-hexulofuranoside triacetate or tribenzoate, resp. These O-glycosides used as starting materials were obtained by deoxygenation of 1,2:4,5-di-O-isopropylidene- β -D-fructopyranose and subsequent acid-catalyzed methanolysis of the resulting 3-deoxy derivative. The anomeric configuration of the nucleosides prepared was assigned by a combination of X-ray crystallog, and 2D 1H NMR spectroscopy. The conformation and hydrolytic stability of these new nucleoside analogous are discussed.

L3 ANSWER 23 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(11) OF 23 COMPOSED OF RX(5), RX(2)

RX(11) B + N ===> G

2 STEPS

G YIELD 68%

RX(5) RCT B 152039-36-6, N 7288-28-0

RGT O 592-04-1 Hg(CN)2

PRO F 152039-42-4

SOL 75-52-5 MeNO2

NTE OTHER REACTANT ISOMER ALSO PRESENT

RX(2) RCT F 152039-42-4

RGT H 1336-21-6 NH4OH

PRO G 149228-60-4

SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

AN 120:77585 CASREACT

TI Synthesis and structure determination of the first 1'-C-cyano- β -D-nucleosides

AU Uteza, Valerie; Chen, Guo Rong; Le Quan Tuoi, Jeremie; Descotes, Gerard; Fenet, Bernard; Grouiller, Annie

CS Lab. Chim. Org., Univ. Lyon I, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SO Tetrahedron (1993), 49(38), 8579-88

CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

DT Journal

LA English

GΙ

AB Title nucleosides I and II were prepared from cyano sugar III via photobromination and condensation with silylated thymine.

L3 ANSWER 24 OF 33 CASREACT. COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(8) OF 28 COMPOSED OF RX(1), RX(2)

RX(8) A + B ===> F

A

В

2 STEPS

YIELD 92%

PRAI CS 1987-5686

```
RX(1)
         RCT A 99395-04-7, B 7288-28-0
         RGT D 7646-78-8 SnCl4
         PRO C 52448-07-4
         SOL 107-06-2 ClCH2CH2Cl
RX(2)
         RCT
             C 52448-07-4
         RGT G 124-41-4 NaOMe
         PRO F 52486-19-8
         SOL 67-56-1 MeOH
         NTE room temp.
AN
     120:8932 CASREACT
TI
     Method of preparing 1-(3,5-di-O-benzoyl-2-chloro-2-deoxy-β-D-threo-
     pentafuranosyl) thymine, an AZT intermediate
IN
    Hrebabecky, Hubert; Holy, Antonin
PA
     Czech.
SO
     Czech., 6 pp.
     CODEN: CZXXA9
DT
     Patent
LA
    Czech
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND
                           DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                           DATE
                                          -----
    CS 274511
                      B1
                           19910411
                                          CS 1987-5686
                                                           19870729
```

19870729

$$R^{50}$$
 R^{2}
 $R^{$

Title compound I (R2 = Cl, R3 = R5 = Bz) (II), an intermediate for the AIDS drug 2'-azido-2',3'-dideoxythymidine (AZT), is prepared by a new multistep route. Condensation of 1-O-acetyl-2,3,5-tri-O-benzoyl-D-xylofuranose with 2,4-bis(trimethylsilyloxy)-5-methylpyrimidine using SnCl4 gave 89% I (R2 = OBz, R3 = R5 = Bz), which was completely debenzoylated by NaOMe in MeOH (92.5%) and isopropylidenated with Me2CO/HC(OEt)3/H2SO4 (99%) to give I (R2 = OH, R3R5 = CMe2). This was mesylated at 2-OH (91%), and the mesylate then deketalized with acidic ion exchanger and rebenzoylated with BzCN (77.5%) to give I (R2 = OSO2Me, R3 = R5 = Bz). The latter was cyclized by DBU in MeCN to give 97.5% bridged anhydro compound III, which was ring-opened with HCl in DMF to give 98% II.

L3 ANSWER 25 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(3) OF 10 ...E + G ===> H...

(3)

H YIELD 13%

RX(3) RCT E 130411-35-7, G 7288-28-0 RGT I 27607-77-8 Me3SiSO3CF3 PRO H 120268-28-2 SOL 107-06-2 ClCH2CH2Cl NTE stereoselective, key step 118:81310 CASREACT AN3'-C-Branched 2'-deoxy-5-methyluridines: synthesis, enzyme inhibition, TIand antiviral properties Fedorov, I. I.; Kaz'mina, E. M.; Novicov, N. A.; Gurskaya, G. V.; ΑU Bochkarev, A. V.; Yas'ko, M. V.; Viktorova, L. S.; Kukhanova, M. K.; Balzarini, Jan; et al. CS Moscow Med. Sechenov Acad., Moscow, 119881, Russia Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1992), 35(24), 4567-75 SO CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623 DT Journal LA English GT

C-Methyldeoxythymidines, e.g. I [R = H4P309 (II), H2P02] and 3'-C-methylidene-2',3'-dideoxy-5-methyluridine were prepared from 2-deoxyribose. The stereoselectivity of the Grignard reagent's attachment to 2-deoxyfuranose 3-ulosides has been ruled by the substitute configuration at C1. Also, the effect of the hydroxyl or OBz group configuration at C3 on the condensation stereoselectivity of 3-C-methyl-2-deoxyfuranosides with silylated thymine has been studied. The C2'-endo-C1'-exo conformation, the anti-conformation of thymine in relation to the glycosidic bond, and the gauche+ conformation in relation to the C4'-C5' bond are characteristic for the 3'-C-methyl-2'-deoxythymidine 5'-triphosphate was synthesized and proved to be a competitive inhibitor,

with respect to dTTP, of a number of DNA polymerases, including the reverse transcriptases of HIV-1 and avian myeloblastosis virus. None of the DNA polymerases examined were able to incorporate this compound into the growing DNA chain. In contrast, 3'-C-methylidene-2',3'-dideoxy-5-methyluridine 5'-triphosphate was found to be incorporated at the 3'-end of the DNA chain by HIV-1 reverse transcriptase, albeit with very low efficiency. $3'-C-Methyl-2'-deoxy-5-methyluridine did not suppress HIV-1 replication in MT-4 cells at 500 <math display="inline">\mu\text{M}$ while its 5'-phosphite derivative exhibited modest anti-HIV-1 activity.

L3 ANSWER 26 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

 ${\sf RX}\,(7)$ OF 10 COMPOSED OF ${\sf RX}\,(2)$, ${\sf RX}\,(4)$

$$RX(7)$$
 A + G ===> M

Α

G

2 STEPS

M YIELD 87%

RX(2) RCT A 141846-57-3, G 7288-28-0

RGT I 100-02-7 4-02NC6H4OH

PRO H 3056-13-1

SOL 67-66-3 CHCl3

NTE key step

RX(4) RCT H 3056-13-1

RGT N 7664-41-7 NH3

PRO M 3424-98-4 SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

AN 117:111955 CASREACT

TI A convenient and stereoselective synthesis of 2'-deoxy- β -L-ribonucleosides

AU Fujimori, Shizuyoshi; Iwanami, Naoko; Hashimoto, Yuichi; Shudo, Koichi

CS Fac. Pharm. Sci., Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, 113, Japan

SO Nucleosides & Nucleotides (1992), 11(2-4), 341-9

CODEN: NUNUD5; ISSN: 0732-8311

DT Journal

LA English

AB 2'-Deoxy- β -L-ribonucleosides containing usual bases which are useful as synthons for modified oligodeoxyribonucleotides, were conveniently synthesized by a stereoselective glycosidation of 1-chloro-2-deoxy-3,5-di-O-p-toluoyl- α -L-erythro-pentofuranose with nucleoside bases. The method is suitable for large-scale prepns.

L3 ANSWER 27 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

J

RX(6) OF 7 COMPOSED OF RX(4), RX(2)

$$RX(6)$$
 $C + J ===> E$

2 STEPS

C

Е

RX(4) RCT C 7288-28-0, J 28708-32-9 RGT K 7646-78-8 SnCl4

PRO D 4336-39-4

RX(2) RCT D 4336-39-4 PRO E 1463-10-1 SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

AN 113:59790 CASREACT

TI Synthesis of thymidine as intermediate for antivirals

IN Freskos, John N.; Senaratne, K. Pushpananda A.

PA Ethyl Corp., USA

SO U.S., 6 pp. CODEN: USXXAM DT Patent LA English FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI US 4914233 A 19900403 US 1988-162508 19880301

PRAI US 1988-162508 19880301

The title compound, useful as an intermediate for anti-AIDS drugs, was prepared via reaction of a mixture of α and β anomers of tetra-O-acylribofuranose with a protected thymine, hydrolyzing the resulting tri-O-acyl- β -D-ribothymidine to β -D-ribothymidine, converting the latter to 2,2'-anhydro- β -thymidine, and hydrohalogenation of the latter to 2'-halo-2'-deoxy-5-methyluridine followed by hydrogenolisis. O,O'-Bis(trimethylsilyl)thymine (preparation given) was reacted with a mixture of tetra-O-acetyl- α - and β -ribofuranose (preparation given) in ClCH2CH2Cl containing SnCl4 to give tri-O-acetylribothymidine, which was deacetylated and then was treated with di-Ph carbonate-Na2CO3 to give 2,2'-anhydro- β -thymidine. This was hydrobrominated with anhydrous HBr in DMF to give 2'-bromo-2'-deoxy-5-methyluridine, which was hydrogenolized over Raney Ni to give β -thymidine.

L3 ANSWER 28 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(10) OF 13 COMPOSED OF RX(6), RX(4)RX(10) C + I ===> D

Ph 0 0

Ι

Ph

2 STEPS

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RX(6) RCT C 7288-28-0, I 70832-64-3
PRO G 3180-76-5
```

AN 111:166826 CASREACT

TI Synthesis and antiviral activity of 1-(β-D-arabinofuranosyl)thymine

AU Kvasyuk, E. I.; Kulak, T. I.; Tkachenko, O. V.; Mikhailopulo, I. A.; Zinchenko, A. I.; Barai, V. N.; Bokut, S. B.; Marennikova, S. S.; Chekunova, E. V.

CS Inst. Biol. Khim., Minsk, USSR

SO Khimiko-Farmatsevticheskii Zhurnal (1989), 23(6), 699-702 CODEN: KHFZAN; ISSN: 0023-1134

DT Journal

LA Russian

GI

I, R=OH, R¹=H II, R=H, R¹=OH

AB 1-(β -D-Arabinofuranosyl)thymine (ara-T) (I) was prepared by both chemical and microbiol. methods. In the chemical method, thymine was silylated to the bis-silyl derivative which was condensed with 1-O-acetyl-2,3,5-tri-O-benzoyl- β -D-ribofuranose in the presence of SnCl4 in dichloroethane. Debenzoylation of the resulting benzoyl derivative with NaOMe gave II. II on treatment with acetylsalicylic acid chloride followed by HCl treatment gave the isomer I. In the microbial method, II was prepared by the treatment of inosine with purine nucleoside phosphoridase of Escherichia coli followed by the transglycosidation of the α -D-ribofuranose-1-phosphate formed with thymine in the presence of pyrimidine nucleoside phosphorylase. I showed virucidal activity against herpes simplex type I virus.

L3 ANSWER 29 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN -

RX(1) OF 1 A + B ===> C

Α

С

RX(1) RCT A 103882-89-9, B 7288-28-0 PRO C 110270-58-1

CAT 27607-77-8 Me3SiSO3CF3

AN109:6906 CASREACT

TI Preparation of antiviral difluoronucleosides and their intermediates

В

IN Hertel, Larry W.

Eli Lilly and Co., USA PA

U.S., 11 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 4,526,988. SO

CODEN: USXXAM

DTPatent

English LA

FAN.	CNT 2				
	PATENT NO.		DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 4692434	A	19870908	US 1984-677146	19841204
	US 4526988	A	19850702	US 1983-473883	19830310
	DK 8401144	Α	19840911	DK 1984-1144	19840228
	DK 162529	В	19911111		
	DK 162529	C	19920330		
	RO 89963	В3	19860930	RO 1984-113763	19840229
	ZA 8401605	А	19851030	ZA 1984-1605	19840302
	CA 1218647	Al	19870303	CA 1984-448698	19840302
	IL 71143	Al	19880731	IL 1984-71143	19840304
	IL 80463	Al	19880731	IL 1984-80463	19840304
	FI 8400890	Α	19840911	FI 1984-890	19840306
	FI 77870	В	19890131		
	FI 77870	С	19890510		

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EP 1984-301463
                                                       19840306
                          19841024
     EP 122707
                    A1
                          19870916
     EP 122707
                    B1
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
                E
                         19871015
                                       AT 1984-301463
                                                       19840306
                                       AU 1984-25374 · 19840307
     AU 8425374
                    A1
                         19840913
     AU 565856
                    B2 19871001
                    A1 19851201
                                       ES 1984-530364
                                                       19840307
     ES 530364
                    A3 19881130
                                       SU 1984-3710351 19840307
     SU 1442076
     DD 216468
                    A5 19841212
                                       DD 1984-260703
                                                       19840308
                    B2 19861016
                                       CS 1984-1667
                                                       19840308
     CS 246075
                    A2 19841004
                                       JP 1984-46387
                                                       19840309
     JP 59175498
                    B4 19930628
     JP 05042438
                    0 19841228
                                       HU 1984-963
                                                       19840309
     HU 33813
     HU 193893
                    B 19871228
                    B1 19871031
                                       PL 1984-246601
                                                       19840309
     PL 142437
                    A2 19870707
                                       CA 1986-509195
                                                       19860514
     CA 1223869
                    A 19890228
                                       US 1987-58219
                                                       19870604
     US 4808614
     US 5015743
                    A 19910514
                                       US 1989-449156
                                                       19891215
     DK 9001905
                    A 19900810
                                       DK 1990-1905
                                                       19900810
     DK 170647
                    B1 19951120
                                       US 1991-652349
                                                       19910207
     US 5118820
                    A
                         19920602
                                       JP 1993-4752
     JP 06009602
                    A2 19940118
                                                       19930114
     JP 06102655
                    B4 19941214
· PRAI US 1983-473883 19830310
     CA 1984-448698
                    19840302
     IL 1984-71143
                    19840304
     EP 1984-301463
                    19840306
     US 1984-677146
                    19841204
     US 1987-58219
                    19870604
     US 1988-288383
                    19881220
     US 1989-449156 19891215
 GI
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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

Difluoronucleosides I (R = nucleoside base Q-Q4; R1 = H, Me, Br, F, Cl, iodo; R2 = OH, amino; R3 = H, Br, Cl, iodo), which are useful for treating herpes infections and also have antineoplastic activity, are prepared 4-Formyl-2,2-dimethyldioxolane was alkylated with BrCF2CO2Et to give dioxolanylpropionate II, with a 3R/3S ratio of 3:1. In the key step, 3R-II was deprotected and cyclized using Dowex 50W-X12 resin, to give 2-deoxy-2,2,-difluoro-1-oxoribose. The latter was protected, reduced, mesylated, and treated with 2-methyl-2,4-bis(trimethylsilyloxy)pyrimidine to give I (R = Q, R1 = Me) (III). III was active against herpes virus in vitro.

L3 ANSWER 30 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(46) OF 69 COMPOSED OF RX(7), RX(25)RX(46) C + N ===> AM

N

2 STEPS

AM

RX (7) RCT C 7288-28-0, N 21740-23-8 RGT Q 100-02-7 4-02NC6H4OH PRO S 4449-32-5 SOL 67-66-3 CHCl3 RX (25) RCT S 4449-32-5 RGT AE 7664-41-7 NH3 PRO AM 50-89-5 SOL 67-56-1 MeOH AN 108:187139 CASREACT TIStereoselective synthesis of anomers of 5-substituted 2'-deoxyuridines Aoyama, Hajime ΑU CS Res. Lab., Toyama Chem. Co., Ltd., Toyama, 930, Japan SO Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan (1987), 60(6), 2073-7 CODEN: BCSJA8; ISSN: 0009-2673 DTJournal LA English AB Glycosylation of 5-substituted 2,4-bis(trimethylsilyloxy)pyrimidines with 3,5-bis(O-p-chlorobenzoyl)-2-deoxy-α-D-ribofuranosyl chloride was investigated. In the presence of p-nitrophenol, $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ anomers were formed stereoselectively, whereas the addition of organic bases brought forth

stereoselective formation of α anomers. Stereoselectivity of the

 α and β anomers of 5-substituted 2'-deoxyuridines were prepared

disilylpyrimidines, additives, and the concentration of each reagent.

reaction depends on the substituents at the 5-position of

through the deacylation of α and β anomers of 5-substituted 3',5'-di-O-(p-chlorobenzoyl)-2'-deoxyuridines.

L3 ANSWER 31 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(34) OF 106 COMPOSED OF RX(19), RX(20)RX(34) 2 AM + 2 W ===> AP + AQ

2 AM

* N N N O

ΑP

ΑQ

RX(19) RCT AM 7288-28-0, W 97614-44-3 PRO AN 97614-47-6, AO 97614-48-7 SOL 75-05-8 MeCN

RX(20) RCT AN 97614-47-6, AO 97614-48-7 RGT AI 1310-73-2 NaOH PRO AP 69256-17-3, AQ 97672-34-9 SOL 67-56-1 MeOH, 7732-18-5 Water

AN 103:123851 CASREACT

TI Fluorocarbohydrates in synthesis. An efficient synthesis of 1-(2-deoxy-2-fluoro- β -D-arabinofuranosyl)-5-iodouracil (β -FIAU) and 1-(2-deoxy-2-fluoro- β -D-arabinofuranosyl)thymine (β -FMAU)

AU Tann, Chou H.; Brodfuehrer, Paul R.; Brundidge, Steven P.; Sapino, Chester, Jr.; Howell, Henry G.

CS Pharm. Res. Dev. Div., Bristol-Myers, Syracuse, NY, 13221-4755, USA

Journal of Organic Chemistry (1985), 50(19), 3644-7

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DT Journal

LA English

SO

BzO F Br

AB A 4-step, highly efficient synthesis of β -FIAU and β -FMAU is reported. 2-Deoxy-2-fluoro-1,3,5-tri-O-benzoyl- α -D-arabinofuranose was prepared form 1,3,5-tri-O-benzoyl- α -D-ribofuranose, by fluorination of the corresponding 2-O-(imidazolylsulfonyl) derivative in 63% yield. The use of anomerically pure bromide I for coupling to the nucleoside base results in higher yields of the desired β -nucleosides.

В

L3 ANSWER 32 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(1) OF 1 A + B ===> C

A

(1)

С

RX(1) RCT A 103882-89-9, B 7288-28-0 PRO C 110270-58-1

AN 102:113894 CASREACT

TI Nucleosides

IN Hertel, Larry Wayne

PA Eli Lilly and Co., USA

SO Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 17 pp.

CODEN: BAXXDU

DT Patent LA English FAN.CNT 2

ran.	PA'	TENT NO.		KIND	DATE	AP	PLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI		2136425		A1		GB	1984-5805	19840306
	GB	2136425		B2	19870513			
	US	4526988		Α	19850702	US	1983-473883	19830310
	DK	8401144		A	19840911	DK	1984-1144	19840228
	DK	162529		В	19911111			
	DK	162529		C	19920330			
		89963		В3	19860930		1984-113763	19840229
	ZA	8401605		Α	19851030		1984-1605	19840302
		1218647		A1	19870303		1984-448698	19840302
		71143		A1	19880731		1984-71143	19840304
		80463		A1	19880731		1984-80463	19840304
		8400890		Α	19840911	FI	1984-890	19840306
		77870		В				
		77870		C				
		122707		A1	19841024	EP	1984-301463	19840306
	ΕP	122707		B1	19870916			
			BE,				LU, NL, SE	
		29726		E	19871015		1984-301463	19840306
		8425374		A1	19840913		1984-25374	19840307
		565856		B2	19871001			
		530364		A1	19851201		1984-530364	
		1442076		A3	19881130		1984-3710351	
		216468		A5	19841212		1984-260703	
		246075		B2	19861016		1984-1667	19840308
		59175498		A2	19841004		1984-46387	19840309
		05042438		B4	19930628			
		33813		0			1984-963	19840309
		193893		В	19871228			
		142437		B1	19871031		1984-246601	19840309
		2172287		A1	19860917		1986-10648	19860501
		2172287		B2	19870520			
		1223869		A2	19870707		1986-509195	19860514
		9001905		A			1990-1905	19900810
		170647		B1	19951120			
	υP	06009602		A2	19940118	JP	1993-4752	19930114

JP 06102655 B4 19941214 PRAI US 1983-473883 19830310 CA 1984-448698 19840302 IL 1984-71143 19840304 EP 1984-301463 19840306 GB 1984-5805 19840306 os MARPAT 102:113894 GI

Difluoro nucleosides I-IV [R = 2-deoxy-2,2-difluoro- $\alpha(\beta)$ -D-pentofuranosyl; R1 = H, Me, halogen, CH:CHR2; R2 = Cl, Br, iodo] were prepared Thus, 4-formyl-2,2-dimethyldioxolane, prepared from D-glyceraldehyde, was condensed with BrCF2CO2Et to give a 3:1 mixture of Et (3R)- and (3S)-2,2-difluoro-3-hydroxy-3-(2,2-dimethyldioxolan-4-yl)propionate. The 3R-isomer was hydrolyzed to give the ribonolactone, which was tert-butyldimethylsilylated, reduced with (Me2CHCH2)2AlH, and mesylated to give ribose derivative V. V was condensed with 5-methyl-2,4-bis(trimethylsiloxy)pyrimidine to give the silylated nucleoside which was desilylated with HBr to give I [R = 2-deoxy-2,2-difluoro- $\alpha(\beta)$ -ribofuranosyl, R1 = Me; VI]. β -VI at 0.31 μ g/mL inhibited the growth of herpes simplex virus, type 1 by 50% compared with 7.6 and 1.74 μ g/mL for Ara-A and Acyclovir, resp.

III

L3 ANSWER 33 OF 33 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(4) OF 4 COMPOSED OF RX(1), RX(2)RX(4) A + B ===> D

D

RCT A 51918-85-5, B 42927-46-8 RX(1) PRO C 51842-00-3

RX(2) RCT C 51842-00-3 PRO D 80384-38-9

97:163426 CASREACT AN

1-Substituted 6-fluorothymines ΤI

Von Janta-Lipinski, Martin; Plaul, Helga; Langen, Peter IN

Akademie der Wissenschaften der DDR, Zentralinstitut fuer PΑ Molekularbiologie, Ger. Dem. Rep.

Ger. (East), 5 pp. SO

CODEN: GEXXA8

DTPatent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ

GI

KIND DATE PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE ---------DD 150901 Z 19810923 DD 1980-221261 19800521 PRAI DD 1980-221261 19800521

Fluorothymines I [R = (un)subsutituted 2-deoxyribosyl, ribosyl] were AB prepared Thus, 2,4-bis-O-(trimethylsilyl)-6-fluorothymine was glycosidated with tetra-O-acetyl-D-ribofuranose and deacetylated to give I (R = β -D-ribofuranosyl).

=> dis hist

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:39:13 ON 21 SEP 2006)

FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 13:40:13 ON 21 SEP 2006

STRUCTURE UPLOADED L1

L2 1 S L1 SSS SAM

L3 33 S L1 SSS FULL

```
Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x
```

LOGINID:ssspta1623kxg

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

```
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                Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS
NEWS
                "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
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NEWS 3 FEB 27
NEWS 4 MAY 10 CA/Caplus enhanced with 1900-1906 U.S. patent records
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NEWS 6 MAY 19 Derwent World Patents Index to be reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 7 MAY 30 IPC 8 Rolled-up Core codes added to CA/CAplus and
                USPATFULL/USPAT2
NEWS 8 MAY 30
                The F-Term thesaurus is now available in CA/CAplus
                The first reclassification of IPC codes now complete in
NEWS 9 JUN 02
                INPADOC
NEWS 10 JUN 26
                TULSA/TULSA2 reloaded and enhanced with new search and
                and display fields
NEWS 11 JUN 28 Price changes in full-text patent databases EPFULL and PCTFULL
NEWS 12 JUl 11 CHEMSAFE reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 13 JUl 14 FSTA enhanced with Japanese patents
NEWS 14 JUl 19 Coverage of Research Disclosure reinstated in DWPI
NEWS 15 AUG 09 INSPEC enhanced with 1898-1968 archive
NEWS 16 AUG 28 ADISCTI Reloaded and Enhanced
NEWS 17 AUG 30 CA(SM)/CAplus(SM) Austrian patent law changes
NEWS 18 SEP 11
                CA/CAplus enhanced with more pre-1907 records
NEWS 19 SEP 21
                CA/CAplus fields enhanced with simultaneous left and right
                truncation
NEWS EXPRESS
            JUNE 30 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01b, CURRENT
```

NEWS EXPRESS JUNE 30 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01b, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 26 JUNE 2006.

```
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=> file casreact
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

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FILE CONTENT: 1840 - 17 Sep 2006 VOL 145 ISS 12

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10806296.str

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 sss sam

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 11:09:16 FILE 'CASREACT'

SCREENING COMPLETE - 59 REACTIONS TO VERIFY FROM 6 DOCUMENTS

100.0% DONE 59 VERIFIED 0 HIT RXNS 0 DOCS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED VERIFICATIONS: 720 TO 1640 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L2 0 SEA SSS SAM L1 (0 REACTIONS)

=> s l1 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 11:09:37 FILE 'CASREACT'

SCREENING COMPLETE - 1888 REACTIONS TO VERIFY FROM 208 DOCUMENTS

100.0% DONE 1888 VERIFIED 2 HIT RXNS 2 DOCS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 2 SEA SSS FUL L1 (2 REACTIONS)

=> d scan

L3 2 ANSWERS CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

TI Chemical synthesis of 13C labeled anti-HIV nucleosides as mass-internal standards

RX(129) OF 192 - 7 STEPS

1.1. MeOH, HCl 1.2. Et3N

3. HCl, AcOH 4.1. CHCl3

Мe

2.1. 4-ClC6H4COCl 2.2. Water, CH2Cl2

4.2. Water, CHCl3 5. NaOMe, MeOH

NOTE: 1) stereoselective, 2) stereoselective, 3) stereoselective, 5) stereoselective, 6) stereoselective

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1

L3 2 ANSWERS CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

TI Method for preparing β -thymidine RX(20) OF 21 - 5 STEPS

=> end
ALL L# QUERIES AND ANSWER SETS ARE DELETED AT LOGOFF
LOGOFF? (Y)/N/HOLD:n

=> d l3 fhit abs bib

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RX(20) OF 21 COMPOSED OF RX(2), RX(3), RX(4), RX(5), RX(6) RX(20) B + E + 2 I + O ===> R

$$HO \star O \star H$$
 $HO \star O \star H$
 $H_3C \circ \star H$
 $C1$
 $C1$

R

RX(2) RCT B 452-51-7, E 67-56-1

STAGE(1)

RGT G 7647-01-0 HCl SOL 67-56-1 MeOH CON 2 - 3 hours, 25 - 27 deg C

STAGE(2)

RGT H 121-44-8 Et3N CON 0.5 hours, 25 - 27 deg C, basify

PRO F 60134-26-1

```
RCT F 60134-26-1, I 122-01-0
RX(3)
            STAGE(1)
               CON 4 - 5 hours, 40 deg C
            STAGE(2)
               SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 75-09-2 CH2Cl2
               CON 0.5 hours, 5 - 10 deg C
          PRO J 99886-53-0
RX (4)
          RCT J 99886-53-0
          RGT G 7647-01-0 HCl
          PRO M 3601-90-9
          SOL 64-19-7 AcOH
          CON 2 - 4 hours, 30 deg C
RX(5)
          RCT M 3601-90-9, O 7288-28-0
            STAGE(1)
               SOL 67-66-3 CHCl3
               CON 3 - 4 hours, 65 - 70 deg C
            STAGE(2)
               SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 67-66-3 CHCl3
               CON 35 deg C
          PRO P 4449-32-5
RX (6)
         RCT P 4449-32-5
          RGT S 124-41-4 NaOMe
          PRO R 50-89-5
          SOL 67-56-1 MeOH
          CON 5 - 6 hours, 65 - 70 deg C
     A multistep process for preparing \beta\text{-thymidine} is disclosed.
AB
ΝA
     143:153656 CASREACT
ΤI
     Method for preparing β-thymidine
IN
     Bao, Jianshao
     Lianhua Sci-Tech Co., Ltd., Zhejiang, Peop. Rep. China
PA
     Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, No pp. given
SO
     CODEN: CNXXEV
DT
     Patent
LA
    Chinese
FAN.CNT 1
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                          -----
    CN 1539845
                     Α
                          20041027
                                         CN 2003-116591 20030424
PRAI CN 2003-116591 20030424
=> s 13 and (deoxythymidine or deoxyuridine)
           279 DEOXYTHYMIDINE
           18 DEOXYTHYMIDINES
           284 DEOXYTHYMIDINE
                 (DEOXYTHYMIDINE OR DEOXYTHYMIDINES)
           528 DEOXYURIDINE
           85 DEOXYURIDINES
           548 DEOXYURIDINE
                 (DEOXYURIDINE OR DEOXYURIDINES)
L4
             0 L3 AND (DEOXYTHYMIDINE OR DEOXYURIDINE)
=> d 13 1-2 fhit bib abs
L3
     ANSWER 1 OF 2 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
```

RX(20) OF 21 COMPOSED OF RX(2), RX(3), RX(4), RX(5), RX(6) RX(20) B + E + 2 I + O ===> R

R

RX(2)

RCT B 452-51-7, E 67-56-1

STAGE(1)

RGT G 7647-01-0 HC1

SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

CON 2 - 3 hours, 25 - 27 deg C

STAGE(2)

RGT H 121-44-8 Et3N

CON 0.5 hours, 25 - 27 deg C, basify

PRO F 60134-26-1

RX(3)

RCT F 60134-26-1, I 122-01-0

STAGE(1)

CON 4 - 5 hours, 40 deg C

STAGE(2)

SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 75-09-2 CH2Cl2

CON 0.5 hours, 5 - 10 deg C

```
RX (4)
          RCT J 99886-53-0
          RGT G 7647-01-0 HCl
          PRO M 3601-90-9
          SOL 64-19-7 ACOH
          CON 2 - 4 hours, 30 deg C
          RCT M 3601-90-9, O 7288-28-0
RX (5)
            STAGE(1)
               SOL 67-66-3 CHCl3
               CON 3 - 4 hours, 65 - 70 deg C
            STAGE (2)
               SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 67-66-3 CHCl3
               CON 35 deg C
          PRO P 4449-32-5
RX (6)
          RCT P 4449-32-5
          RGT S 124-41-4 NaOMe
          PRO R 50-89-5
          SOL 67-56-1 MeOH
          CON 5 - 6 hours, 65 - 70 deg C
     143:153656 CASREACT
AN
     Method for preparing \beta-thymidine
TI
IN
     Bao, Jianshao
     Lianhua Sci-Tech Co., Ltd., Zhejiang, Peop. Rep. China
PA
SO
     Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, No pp. given
     CODEN: CNXXEV
DT
     Patent
LA
     Chinese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                           DATE
     -----
                           -----
                     ----
                                           -----
PΙ
     CN 1539845
                      Α
                                                            20030424
                            20041027
                                           CN 2003-116591
PRAI CN 2003-116591
                      20030424
     A multistep process for preparing \beta-thymidine is disclosed.
L3
     ANSWER 2 OF 2 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
RX(129) OF 192 COMPOSED OF RX(1), RX(5), RX(6), RX(7), RX(8), RX(2), RX(9)
RX(129)
        A + 2 B + 2 AD + 2 V + H ===> AH
                                          CH3
         Н
                                 H<sub>3</sub>C
            HO
Α
                                 2 B
                                                 2 AD
```

PRO J 99886-53-0

2 V

AH YIELD 84%

RX(1) RCT A 117973-20-3, B 67-64-1

STAGE(1)

RGT D 7664-38-2 H3PO4, E 7646-85-7 ZnCl2

SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 67-64-1 Me2CO

CON 30 hours, room temperature

STAGE(2)

RGT F 1310-73-2 NaOH

SOL 7732-18-5 Water

PRO C 126590-65-6

NTE stereoselective

RX(5) RCT C 126590-65-6

STAGE(1)

RGT V 108-24-7 Ac2O, W 20039-37-6 PDC

SOL 75-09-2 CH2Cl2

CON 1.5 hours, reflux

STAGE (2)

SOL 141-78-6 AcOEt

PRO U 503173-73-7

NTE stereoselective

RX(6) RCT U 503173-73-7

STAGE(1)

RGT Z 10450-60-9 H5I06

SOL 141-78-6 AcOEt

CON 2 hours, room temperature

STAGE(2)

RGT AA 16940-66-2 NaBH4

SOL 64-17-5 EtOH

CON 30 minutes, room temperature

```
STAGE (3)
              RGT AB 64-19-7 AcOH
              SOL 7732-18-5 Water
              CON neutralized
           STAGE(4)
              SOL 141-78-6 AcOEt
         PRO Y 238096-51-0
         NTE stereoselective
         RCT Y 238096-51-0, AD 98-88-4
RX (7)
           STAGE(1)
              SOL 110-86-1 Pyridine
              CON SUBSTAGE(1) 0 deg C
                   SUBSTAGE(2) 3 hours, room temperature
           STAGE(2)
              SOL 141-78-6 AcOEt
           STAGE(3)
              RGT M 144-55-8 NaHCO3
              SOL 7732-18-5 Water
         PRO AE 503173-74-8
RX(8)
         RCT AE 503173-74-8, V 108-24-7
           STAGE(1)
              SOL 64-19-7 AcOH
              CON overnight, room temperature
           STAGE(2)
              SOL 7732-18-5 Water
              CON 0 deg C
           STAGE(3)
              SOL 67-66-3 CHCl3
           STAGE (4)
              RGT M 144-55-8 NaHCO3
              SOL 7732-18-5 Water
         PRO I 503173-75-9
         NTE stereoselective
RX(2)
         RCT H 65-71-4
           STAGE(1)
              RGT K 7783-20-2 (NH4)2SO4
              SOL 999-97-3 (Me3Si)2NH
              CON reflux
           STAGE(2)
              RCT I 503173-75-9
              SOL 107-06-2 ClCH2CH2Cl
           STAGE(3)
              RGT L 27607-77-8 Me3SiSO3CF3
              CON 3.5 hours, reflux
           STAGE (4)
```

```
SOL 7732-18-5 Water
            STAGE (5)
               SOL 75-09-2 CH2Cl2
            STAGE (6)
               RGT M 144-55-8 NaHCO3
               SOL 7732-18-5 Water
          PRO J 503173-76-0
          NTE stereoselective
RX (9)
         RCT J 503173-76-0
            STAGE(1)
               RGT AI 7664-41-7 NH3
               SOL 67-56-1 MeOH
               CON SUBSTAGE(1) 48 hours, room temperature
                    SUBSTAGE(2) 5 hours, room temperature
            STAGE(2)
               SOL 60-29-7 Et20
          PRO AH 159496-17-0
AN
     138:271904 CASREACT
     Chemical synthesis of 13C labeled anti-HIV nucleosides as mass-internal
TI
     standards
     Saito, Yoshio; Zevaco, Thomas A.; Agrofoglio, Luigi A.
AII
     Institut de Chimie Organique et Analytique, Universite d'Orleans, CNRS UMR
CS
     6005, Orleans, 45100, Fr.
SO
     Tetrahedron (2002), 58(47), 9593-9603
     CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020
PB
     Elsevier Science Ltd.
    Journal
DT
LA
    English
     Synthesis of [13C5] -labeled anti-HIV nucleosides, e.g. d4T, ddI, ddA, is
AB
     described. The methodol. used has been optimized due to the very high
     cost of the starting compound  The key step of this approach was the
     stereoselective dehomologation of 1,2:5,6-di-O-isopropylidene-3-oxo-
     \alpha\text{-D-glucofuranose} with periodic acid and sodium borohydride, which
     gave optically pure ribose derivative as the exclusive product. Nucleoside
     derivs. were obtained from ribosylation of 1,2,-di-O-acetyl-3,5-di-O-
     benzyl-\(\beta\)-D-ribofuranose with persilylated nucleobases under
     Vorbruggen conditions. Deoxygenation of intermediates under Corey-Winter
     conditions afforded the desired labeled nucleoside analogs.
RE.CNT 15
             THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
=> d hist
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:07:45 ON 21 SEP 2006)
     FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 11:08:07 ON 21 SEP 2006
               STRUCTURE UPLOADED
1.1
L2
              0 S L1 SSS SAM
L3
              2 S L1 SSS FULL
             0 S L3 AND (DEOXYTHYMIDINE OR DEOXYURIDINE)
L4
```

RGT M 144-55-8 NaHCO3